

Year 5
Spring Term

Changing Materials

In this unit, children will explore reversible and irreversible reactions including melting, dissolving, burning, mixing and cooking. They will consider applications of these to real-life and investigate things that impact the rate that these reactions take place.

Key Vocabulary:

Soluble

Insoluble

Solvent

Solute

Dissolve

Mixture

Reversible

Irreversible

Filtering

Evaporate

Condense

Separate

Chemical

Physical

Key Knowledge:

- Some substances dissolve in water. This is known as water soluble.
- When a physical change takes place, a reaction is reversible.
- When a chemical change takes place, a reaction is irreversible.
- Burning and cooking are examples of irreversible reactions.
- Dissolving and mixing are examples of reversible reactions.



What came before:

At the start if the year, the children explored different properties of materials.

In Year 4, the children learnt about the water cycle and the meaning of evaporation and condensation.

What comes next:

- In KS3, the children will explain the behaviour of particles in solids, liquids and gases.
- In KS3, the children will explore what happens to particles during chemical changes.

Key Skills:

- Set up and carry out a fair test by identifying and controlling variables.
- Record data over time to draw conclusions.
- Take accurate and precise measurements using a range of equipment.
- Draw conclusions by spotting patterns in data.
- Use a range of scientific equipment to separate mixtures.